

## EEE8058 Nonlinear Systems / Homework 4

Due: November 9, 2018

1. (20 pts) Consider the system

$$\dot{x} = y + x - x^3, \quad \dot{y} = -y$$

Find the equilibrium points, classify them, sketch the neighboring trajectories, and try to fill in the rest of the phase portrait.

2. (20 pts) Consider the system

$$\dot{x} = xy, \quad \dot{y} = x^2 - y$$

- Show that the linearization predicts that the origin is a non-isolated equilibrium point.
  - Show that the origin is in fact an isolated equilibrium point.
  - Is the origin repelling, attracting, a saddle, or what? Sketch the vector field along the nullclines and at other points in the phase plane. Use this information to sketch the phase portrait.
  - Plot a computer-generated phase portrait to check your answer to (c).
3. (20 pts) Consider the system  $\ddot{x} = x - x^2$
- Find and classify the equilibrium points.
  - Sketch the phase portrait.
  - Find an equation for the homoclinic orbit that separates closed and nonclosed trajectories.
4. (20 pts) Consider the system  $\dot{x} = xy, \quad \dot{y} = -x^2$ .
- Show that  $E = x^2 + y^2$  conserved.
  - Show that the origin is a equilibrium point, but not an isolated equilibrium point.
  - Since  $E$  has a local minimum at the origin, one might have thought that the origin has to be a center. Show that in fact the origin is not surrounded by closed orbits, and sketch the actual phase portrait.

5. (20 pts) In the children's hand game of rock-paper-scissors, rock beats scissors (by smashing it); scissors beats paper (by cutting it); and paper beats rock (by covering it). In a biological setting, analogs of this non-transitive competition occur among certain types of bacteria and lizards.

Consider the following idealized model for three competing species locked in a life-and-death game of rock-paper-scissors:

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{P} &= P(R - S) \\ \dot{R} &= R(S - P) \\ \dot{S} &= S(P - R)\end{aligned}$$

where  $P, R, S > 0$  are the sizes of the paper rock and scissors populations.

- Write a few sentences explaining the various terms in these equations. Be sure to comment on why a given term has a plus or minus sign in front of it. You don't have to write much just enough to demonstrate that you understand how the form of the equations reflects the rock-paper-scissors story. Also, state some of the biological assumptions being made here implicitly.
- Show that  $P + R + S$  is a conserved quantity.
- Show that  $PRS$  is also conserved.
- How does the system behave as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ? Prove that your answer is correct.